LLM-CGM: A Benchmark for Large Language Model-Enabled Querying of Continuous Glucose Monitoring Data for Conversational Diabetes Management

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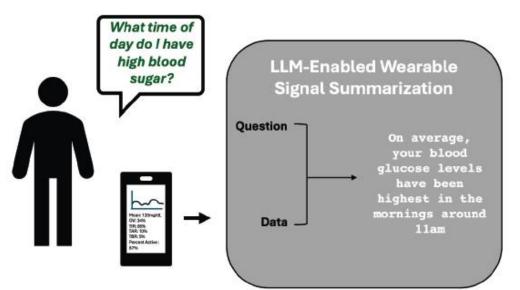
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- Biocomputing 2025: Proceedings of the Pacific Symposium, 2024
- <u>https://github.com/lizhealey/LLM-CGM</u>

Summary

- Integration of LLM with CGM data for interpretation
- Bench-mark some q/a tasks (LLM-CGM) for CGM data (4 categories)
 - Performance evaluation of different LLMs using those q/a using synthetic and real cgm data
- Optimizing technique for handling those bench-mark q/a



user could ask a question about their CGM data, and receive a written answer in return, thus transforming the way patients interact with their data

- Q/A tasks can be subject or objective
- Subjective:
 - Is my blood glucose control good?
 - Required patient's medical context (T1 vs T2)
- Focused on objective q/a

Bench Marking Category

- 30 Questions
- inspired by guidelines from the American Diabetes Association (ADA) on glycemic control

Data statistics		Time of event		"What time did my highes		
Returns numerical metrics related to common data statistics	"What was my mean glucose?"	Queries about specific time of event		measurement occur?		
Demois statistics		Length of episode		"How long was my		
Domain statistics Returns metrics specific to	"What was my time in range? "	Queries related to the length of event or episode		episode of hypoglycemia last night?"		
diabetes literature / blood glucose measurements	ranger	Queries w.r.t. windows Queries about general times o	ftho	"What was my highest glucose reading after dinner?"		
		day	-			
Anomaly Detection		Pattern Recogn	C	dinner?"		
Anomaly Detection Data missingness Identifies times of the day when the sensor may disconnect	1 "How many times during the day did my sensor disconnect?"		itior "Was n	dinner?"		

Bench Marking Q/A

LLM-CGM Queries

day

"What was my time in

"How many times

during the day did my

sensor disconnect?"

"Did a sensor artifact

Metric Generation

Data statistics

"What was my mean Returns numerical metrics related glucose?" to common data statistics

Domain statistics Returns metrics specific to

range? " diabetes literature / blood glucose measurements

Anomaly Detection

Data missingness Identifies times of the day when the sensor may disconnect

Artifacts in the data

cause my previous Identifies whether sensor reading hyperglycemia may be due to anomaly episode?"

Temporal Queries Time of event Oueries about specific time of event

event or episode

"How long was my Length of episode episode of hypoglycemia Queries related to the length of last night?"

"What time did my highest

measurement occur?

Queries w.r.t. windows "What was my highest Queries about general times of the glucose reading after dinner?"

Pattern Recognition

- Interday trends "Was my glucose control today Compares BG values across better than yesterday?" days
- Intraday trends "What time of day do I normally Compares BG across experience hyperglycemia?" different parts of the day

Fig. 2. Benchmarking tasks by category and subcategory

Table 1. LLM-CGM Benchmark Queries and Solutions. The colors correspond to benchmark task categories.

	User Question	Ground Truth Answer
Q1	What was my mean glucose?	Mean of glucose readings
Q2	What was my maximum glucose?	Maximum of glucose readings
Q3	What was the standard deviation of my glucose?	Standard deviation of glucose readings
Q4	What was my minimum glucose?	Minimum of glucose readings
Q5	What was my percent time in range?	Percent time between 70 mg/dL and 180mg/dL
Q6	What was my percent time in hyperglycemia?	Percent time above 180 mg/dL
Q7	What was my percent time in hypoglycemia?	Percent time below 70mg/dL
Q8	What was my glycemic variability?	Standard deviation divided by mean of glucose readings
Q9	What was my percent time in severe hyper- glycemia?	Percent of time spent above 250 mg/dL
Q10	What is my estimated A1C?	Using estimated average glucose formula ²⁸
Q11	What was my percent time in severe hypo- glycemia?	Percent time spent below 54 mg/dL
Q12	What time was my blood glucose highest?	Date and time when blood glucose was max
Q13	What day was my glucose control the most out of range?	Day with greatest absolute time outside of range $70-180$ mg/dL
Q14	What time of the day was my blood glucose low- est?	Date where minimum glucose reached
Q15	When did my most recent episode of hypo- glycemia occur?	Time of most recent hypoglycemia episode
Q16	How long was my last episode of hypoglycemia?	Length of most recent period where glucose was consistently below 70mg/dL
Q17	What was my longest time spent in hyper- glycemia?	Longest period where glucose was over 180mg/dL
Q18	How many times did I experience hypoglycemia?	Number of episodes where glucose was less than 70mg/dL
Q_{19}	What was my mean overnight blood glucose?	Mean glucose from 12am to 6am**
Q20	What meal of the day did I have the highest blood glucose?	Time window with max glucose where breakfast is 6am-11am, lunch is 11am-4pm, dinner is 5pm-9pm**
Q21	Did I have noctural hypoglycemia?	Yes if blood glucose was less than 70mg/dL between 12am and 6am**
Q22	What was my highest glucose reading during din- ner?	Maximum glucose any day between 5pm and 10pm**
Q23	Is there any missingness in the data?	Yes if there are gaps between data longer than 5 minutes
Q24	How many times did my sensor disconnect ?	Number of gaps greater than 5 minutes
Q25	Was my low blood glucose likely due to sensor error?	Yes if reading less than 70 mg/dL due to sensor anomaly*
Q26	Are there any artifacts in the CGM data?	Yes if there was a sensor anomaly in data causing observed glucose reading*
Q27	Was my glucose control today better than yester- day?	Yes if mean glucose on current day was better than previous day**
Q28	Was my time in range improved this week com- pared to last week?	Yes if time in range for the most recent week was better than the previous week*
Q29	Was my max glucose lower today than yesterday?	Yes if the maximum glucose on most recent day was lower than the previous day
Q30	Did I spend less time in hypoglycemia this week than last week?	Yes if total minutes in hypoglycemia for the most recent week was less than the previous week*
	*Not included in this evaluation	** May be subjective

Framework

- GPT-4
- LLM-Text (Naïve approach where raw CGM data is fed as text to an LLM)
- LLM-Code (The LLM generates Python code to analyze the CGM data in 3 steps)

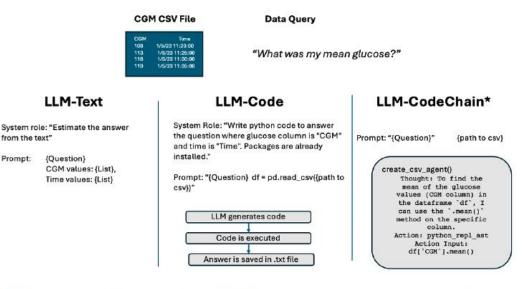


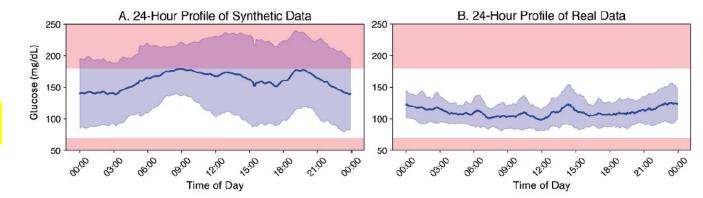
Fig. 3. Model and prompt frameworks included in benchmark for testing and evaluation. LLM-CodeChain leverages builtin functions in Langchain²⁹

 LLM-CodeChain (A more advanced approach using LangChain that iterates and refines answers)

Retrival augmented generation, where the prompt includes information about diabetes, including definitions of terms and instructions on how to analyze the data

Simulated Data

 FDA-accepted T1D patient simulator is used



- N=5
- Cgm Record/5min

Fig. 4. Data included in benchmark: (A) 24-hour mean and standard deviation of 5 cases from synthetic data simulating patients with T1D. (B) 24-hour mean and standard deviation from 5 cases from the real dataset³³

- Mimic real-world glycemic variability
 - Some simulated patients have well-controlled glucose levels.
- Others experience **significant fluctuations** and spend **less than 50% of their time in the healthy glucose range**.

•Real World Data (N=5, 3 Pre Diabetic, 2 Diabetic)

-		
$\mathbf{Q8}$	What was my glycemic variability?	Standard deviation divided by mean of glucose readings
00	W/L +	

Results

- Categorized by model type and task category
- simpler tasks, such as metric generation, performance was high.
- The more complicated tasks had higher error rates. This was seen through
 - anomaly detection
 - pattern recognition
- LLM-Code > LLM-CodeChain
- What will be the precision of error???

	Q17	What was my longest time spent in hyper-
		glycemia?
	Q18	How many times did I experience hypoglycemia?
	Q19	What was my mean overnight blood glucose?
	Q20	What meal of the day did I have the highest blood
		glucose?
	Q21	Did I have noctural hypoglycemia?
	Q22	What was my highest glucose reading during din-
		ner?
	Q23	Is there any missingness in the data?
	Q24	How many times did my sensor disconnect?
	Q25	Was my low blood glucose likely due to sensor error?
	Q26	Are there any artifacts in the CGM data?
nce		
	Q27	Was my glucose control today better than yester-
		day?
	Q28	Was my time in range improved this week com-
		pared to last week?
	Q29	Was my max glucose lower today than yesterday?

Table 3. Table shows the fraction of CGM cases with correct answer for each question. Results are broken down by the model framework used (LLM-Code vs LLM-CodeChain) and the data type

Metric Generation	Q1	$\mathbf{Q2}$	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10	Q11
LLM-Code Synth (n=5)	1	1	1	1	.8	.8	.8	0	1	1	1
LLM-Code Real (n=5)	1	.8	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1
LLM-Code Total (n=10)	1	.9	1	1	.9	.9	.9	0	1	1	1
LLM-Codechain Synth (n=5)	1	1	1	1	.2	1	1	0	1	1	1
LLM-Codechain Real (n=5)	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1
LLM-Codechain Total (n=10)	1	1	1	1	.1	1	1	0	1	1	1
Temporal Queries	Q12	Q13	Q14	Q15	Q16	Q17	Q18	Q19	Q20	Q21	$\mathbf{Q22}$
LLM-Code Synth (n=5)	1	1	.8	.8	.6	0	.2	.8	.4	1	.6
LLM-Code Real (n=5)	1	1	.8	.6	.4	.8	.4	.8	.2	1	.6
LLM-Code Total (n=10)	1	1	.8	.7	.5	.4	.3	.8	.3	1	.6
LLM-Codechain Synth (n=5)	1	0	1	.8	.2	.2	.2	.4	0	.4	0
LLM-Codechain Real (n=5)	1	.2	1	1	.2	.2	.4	.6	.8	1	0
LLM-Codechain Total(n=10)	1	.1	1	.9	.2	.2	.3	.5	.4	.7	0
Anomaly Detection	Q23	$\mathbf{Q24}$		Pattern Recognition		Q27	Q29				
LLM-Code Synth (n=5)	.8	1		LLM-Code Synth (n=5)					0	.4	
LLM-Code Real (n=5)	0	0		LLM-Code Real (n=5)					0	.6	
LLM-Code Total (n=10)	.4	.5		LLM-Code Total (n=10)					0	.5	
LLM-Codechain Synth (n=5)	.8	.2		LLM-Codechain Synth (n=5)					0	0	
LLM-Codechain Real (n=5)	0	0		LLM-Codechain Real (n=5)				.4	.4		
LLM-Codechain Total(n=10)	.4	.1			LLM-C	Odechai	n Total(n=10)	.2	.2	